Getting the Most Out of Your Medicare HOS Reports

Web Conference September 14, 2006

MaryAnne Hope, MS, HSAG Nancy Berman Lees, PhD, HSAG





Today's Web Seminar

Goal

- Maximize the use of your Medicare Health Outcomes Survey (HOS) reports to
 - Provide information about the health of your beneficiaries
 - Develop quality improvement (QI) and disease management (DM) programs

Topics

- HOS overview
- Baseline reports
- Performance Measurement reports





What is the Medicare HOS?

The Medicare HOS

Assesses each Medicare Advantage (MA) plan's ability to maintain or improve the physical and mental health functioning of its Medicare beneficiaries over a two-year period

- Launched in 1998
- First Medicare managed care outcomes measure
- More than 1.8 million beneficiaries surveyed to date





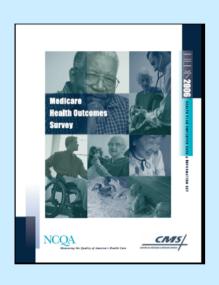
Survey Methodology

- MA members are surveyed at baseline, and respondents are resurveyed two years later
 - A cohort comprises respondents from one baseline and associated follow-up
- Baseline cohort of 1000 beneficiaries randomly sampled from each participating plan
 - In plans with less than 1000 members, all MA beneficiaries are sampled
- Survey mailed to baseline sample
 - Telephone follow-up of non-respondents





Survey Content: Health Status

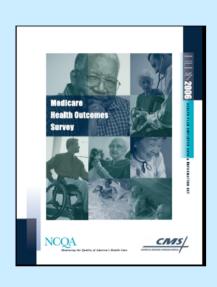


- 36-item health survey
 - Eight subscales
 - Physical health status (PCS)
 - Mental health status (MCS)
- Activities of daily living (ADLs)
- Healthy days
- Clinical symptoms
- Chronic medical conditions
- Depression screen





Survey Content: HEDIS® Measures



- Urinary Incontinence (UI)
- Physical Activity (PA)

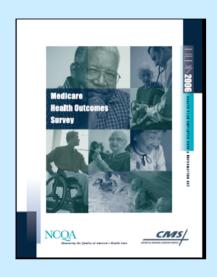
The Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS) is a registered trademark of NCQA.

HEDIS results consist of the responses of all baseline and follow-up respondents taking the survey during a calendar year.





Other Survey Content



- Demographics
 - Age
 - Gender
 - Race
 - Income
 - Marital status
 - Education
 - Housing category
- Smoking status
- Proxy status





HOS Version 2 (HOSv2)

- Implemented in 2006
 - 12-item health survey (VR-12)
 - Two additional HEDIS survey items
 - Osteoporosis
 - Management of Falls
- 2007 reports new report format
 - More user-friendly
 - New information





HOS Reports

- Baseline report
 - Cross-sectional: provides a snapshot of physical and mental health functioning of Medicare beneficiaries at a single point in time
- Performance Measurement report
 - Longitudinal: contains Performance
 Measurement results that reflect a health
 plan's ability to maintain or improve the
 physical and mental health functioning of
 its Medicare beneficiaries over a two year period





What's in the Baseline Report?

- Demographic profile of your plan's beneficiary population
- Physical (PCS) and mental (MCS) status
- Depression screen
- Healthy days since Cohort 7 (2004)
- HEDIS measures
 - Urinary Incontinence (UI) since Cohort 7 (2004)
 - Physical Activity (PA) since Cohort 8 (2005)
- Chronic medical conditions
- ADLs
- Supplemental (e.g., proxy status, health status subscale scores, etc.)





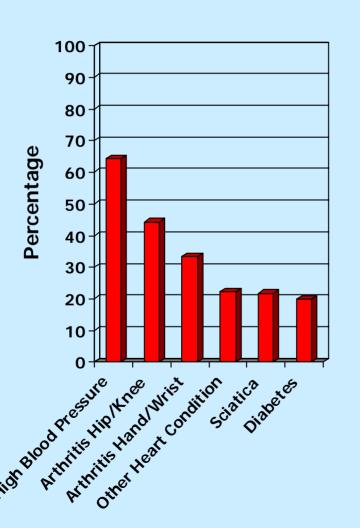
How Can You Use Your Baseline Report?

- Identify the prevalence of chronic conditions
- Evaluate the percentage of patients reporting that providers are
 - Discussing Physical Activity (PA)
 - Treating Urinary Incontinence (UI)
- Examine the relationship between the number of unhealthy days reported and a positive depression screen
- Review the percentage of beneficiaries reporting difficulty with ADLs
- Monitor changes in percentages or rates over time as measures of QI success





What is the Incidence of Chronic Medical Conditions?



What does this example tell us?

- 64% report high BP
- 30 to 45% report at least one type of arthritis
- 20% report diabetes and more than 20% report 'other heart' conditions

- Focus on diagnosis of diabetes, high BP, and 'other heart' to ameliorate or prevent costly decline
- Examine availability and utilization of prevention, treatment, and DM processes - adjust if indicated





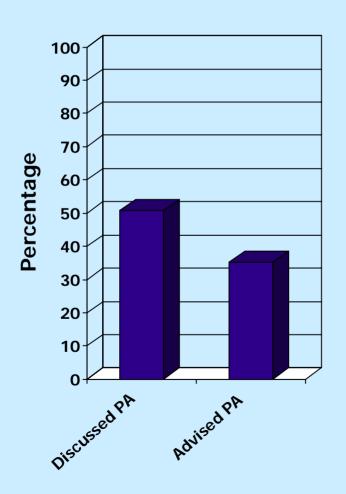
Results From the HEDIS Measures

- Currently Urinary Incontinence (UI) and Physical Activity (PA)
 - Osteoporosis and Management of Falls in reports starting in 2007
- Respondents include all baseline and follow-up respondents who took the survey during a calendar year
- Results are reported as rates
- Results are not reported (N/A) for plans with less than 100 in denominator
- Plan, state, national, and regional results are presented





Are Providers Discussing and Advising Physical Activity?



What does this example tell us?

- Only 50% discuss PA
- About 35% advise to start, increase, or maintain PA

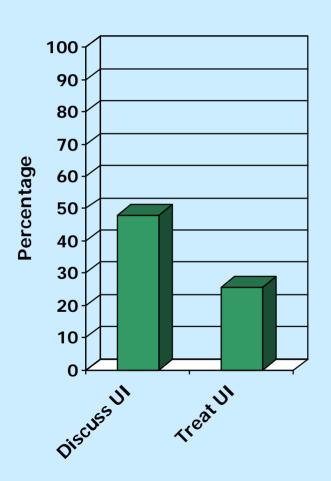
How can it be used for QI?

 Develop and implement standards of care that emphasize discussing and advising PA or exercise during physical exams and office visits





Are Providers Discussing and Treating Urinary Incontinence?



What does this example tell us?

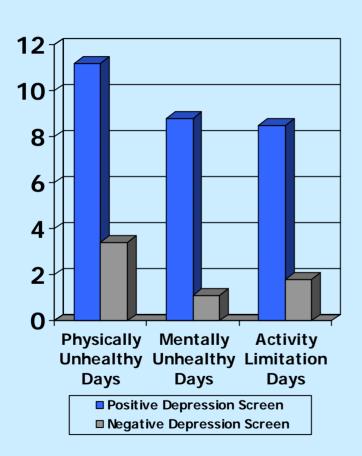
- Less than 50% of providers discuss problematic UI
- About 25% of providers treat UI

- Develop and implement standards of care for all seniors that include talking about, diagnosis of, and treatment of UI
- Develop and implement prevention and DM programs for UI





How Is Depression Related to Number of Unhealthy Days?



What does this example tell us?

 Positive screen for depression = many more unhealthy days (than negative depression screen)

What doesn't this tell us?

 Direction of effect: Being depressed causes more unhealthy days, or vice versa, or third factor causes both

- Screen for and treat depression to reduce functional impairment
- Develop and implement prevention, treatment, and DM for common conditions of seniors (including depression) - may decrease unhealthy days and may decrease depression





What's in the Performance Measurement (PM) Reports?

- Physical and mental health performance measurement results for your plan
 - Compared to all plans in your state
 - Compared to all plans in the nation
- Demographic profile of your plan's beneficiary population
- Healthy days measures





What Else Is in the Performance Measurement (PM) Reports?

- National two-year trends and baseline/follow-up results for
 - Chronic medical conditions
 - ADLs
 - Positive depression screen
- Health questions
 - General health
 - Health transition
 - Comparative health
- Proxy status





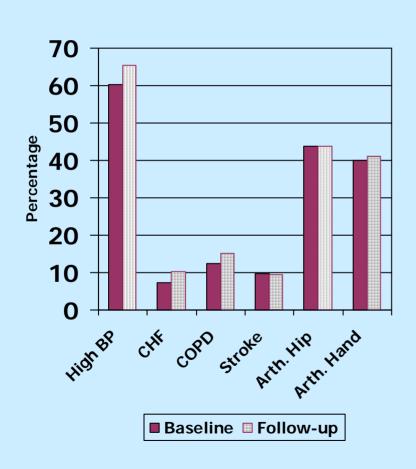
How Can You Use the PM Reports?

- Examine average changes in self-reported health from baseline to follow-up for a single cohort (plan, state, and national)
 - General health, health transition, and comparative health
 - Prevalence of chronic conditions
 - Number of comorbid chronic conditions
 - Impairment in ADLs
 - Others (e.g. positive depression screen, frequency of chronic conditions, etc.)
- Explore average changes in health status over time for multiple cohorts (plan, state, and national)
 - Look at changes in the prevalence of chronic conditions
 - Examine changes in difficulty with ADLs
 - Observe changes in number of chronic conditions





Has the Prevalence of Chronic Conditions Changed since Baseline?



What does this example tell us?

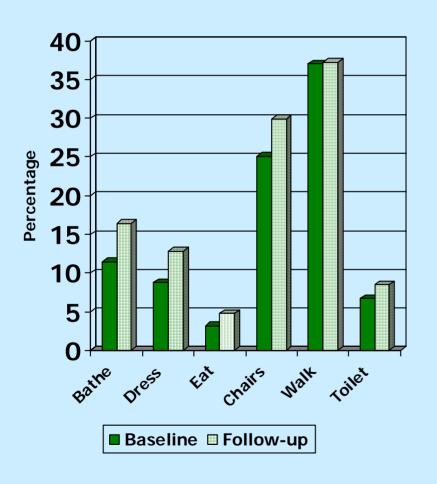
- Three conditions with known cost and health implications show increases:
 - High BP, CHF, and COPD

- Focus standards of care for seniors on treatment of High BP, CHF, and COPD
- Examine availability and utilization of prevention, treatment, and DM processes adjust if indicated





Has Difficulty with ADLs Changed since Baseline?



What does this example tell us?

 Notable increase in respondents with difficulty bathing, dressing and in/out of chairs

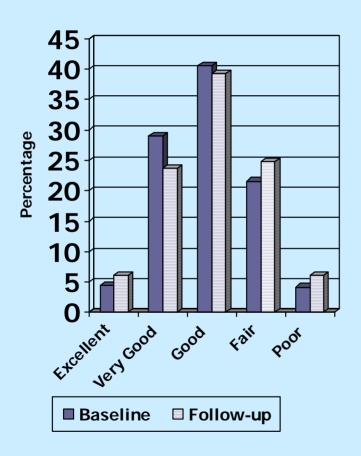
- Expand focus of usual care from illness and diagnosable disorders to include ADLs in standards of care
- Develop programs to help older members maintain or improve ADL function



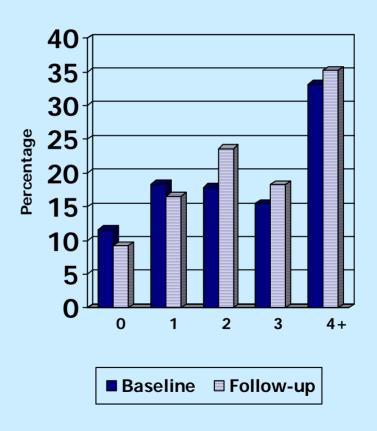


Answer Other Questions

Self Reports of General Health



Chronic Conditions







How Do Chronic Conditions Change Over Time, Across Cohorts?

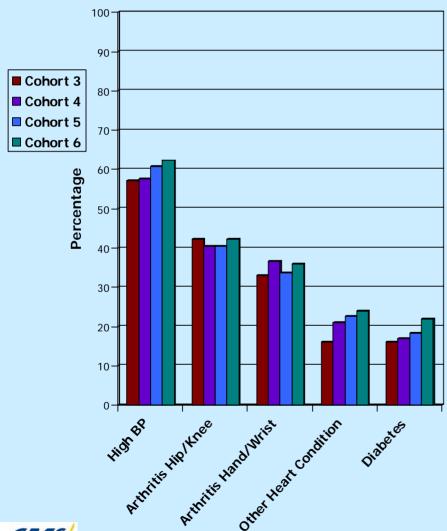
- First, use the last 4 or 5 PM reports—Cohorts 3 6
- Find "Percent Distribution of Chronic Medical Conditions" supplemental figure for each cohort
- Identify 5-6 most common conditions
- Enter the numbers for each cohort into a spreadsheet and create chart

Microsoft Excel - Book1									
File Edit View Insert Format Iools Data Window Help Adobe PDF									
		😅 🖫 🧯	∌ 🗟 🚏	አ 🗈 🛍	l 🌠 🗠 🔸	- 🦺 Σ j	f* §↓ 📶	. 😰 💝 🛚 A	rial
		P33	▼	=					
		Α	В	C F	ormula Bar	Е	F	G	H
	1		High BP	Arthritis Hi	Arthritis Ha	Other Hear	Diabetes		
	2								
	3	Cohort 3	56	44	33	16	16		
	4	Cohort 4	56.4	40.5	36.6	19	16.9		
	5	Cohort 5	60.7	40.4	33.6	22.5	16.6		
	6	Cohort 6	60.9	43.9	35.8	21.9	21.9		
	7								
_	8								





What Are the Changes in Chronic Conditions Across Cohorts?



What does this example tell us?

- Arthritis shows no trend
- High BP, diabetes, and 'other heart' show increasing number of beneficiaries reporting these conditions

- Focus care on prevention, early diagnosis and treatment, and disease management
- Emphasize developing, and increasing patient participation in prevention and DM programs for conditions with increasing incidence





Other Questions Your HOS Reports Can Answer

- Is the physical and/or mental health status of your MA members changing over time?
- Is the demographic composition of your MA enrollees changing?
- With what ADLs do your MA members need assistance?
- How do your MA beneficiaries compare to other plans in your state? To all plans participating in HOS?
 - (e.g., number of unhealthy days, demographic composition, number of chronic medical conditions, ADLs, depression screen results, etc.)





Please!!

Make use of the valuable information contained in your HOS Baseline and Performance Measurement Reports--you'll be glad you did.

Thank you!





For Further Information

- A recording of today's web conference will be posted at
 - https://ifmcevents.webex.com
- HOS Web Site
 - www.hosonline.org
- HOS Technical Support
 - Medicare HOS Information and Technical Support Telephone Line: 1-888-880-0077
 - E-mail address: hos@azqio.sdps.org



